

Cementing the Pivot

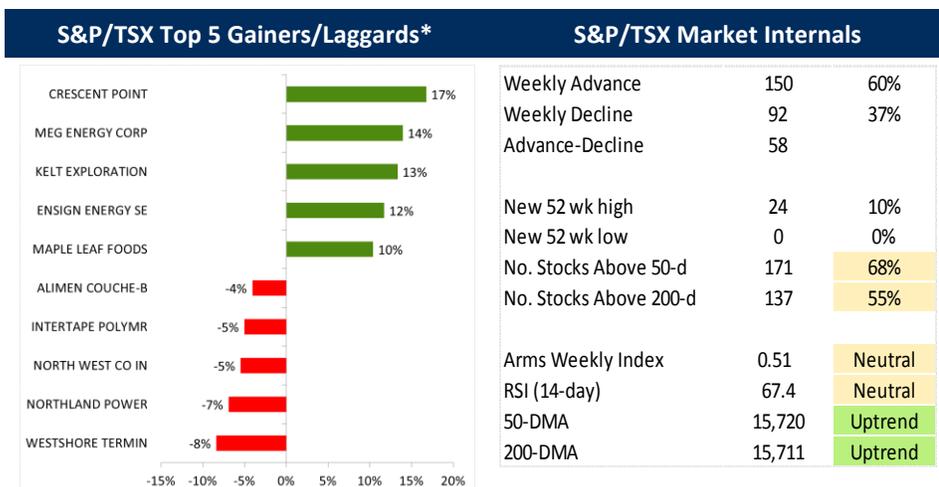
Canadian and US markets are poised to close out Q1 with one of the strongest starts in over 70 years, as the S&P/TSX and S&P 500 have gains of over 13% YTD. As we wrote in our monthly *Insights & Strategies: The Power of a Pivot*, central banks have played a big part in rescuing the market off its December lows. The global shift from a tightening bias to more accommodative monetary policy provided a significant tailwind for equity markets that were deeply oversold at the time.

- The Federal Reserve reiterated that interest rate and balance sheet decisions would be data-dependent and kept policy rates on hold in January. However, this week's FOMC meeting cemented its dovish pivot by indicating they will not hike the fed funds rate any further this year; and based on the Dot plot there is only one more projected hike left in this cycle.
- As for the European Central Bank, the monetary authority underscored the rising risks to growth in the euro area and highlighted that it was ready to deploy all policy tools as necessary. Meanwhile in Asia, the People's Bank of China has injected significant liquidity into the banking system and introduced new policy tools in an effort to stimulate the slowing economy.
- The accommodative monetary policy and looser financial conditions should be signalling to the bond market that economic growth will reaccelerate in the coming months, stoking inflation and thus pushing bond yields higher. However, this has not been the case. The bond market is quite literally not "buying it", but rather telegraphing further economic weakness ahead.



Canadian Sectors	Weight	Recommendation
Consumer Discretionary	4.0	Underweight
Consumer Staples	3.7	Overweight
Energy	18.5	Underweight
Financials	32.0	Market weight
Health Care	2.3	Underweight
Industrials	10.7	Market weight
Technology	4.4	Market weight
Materials	11.2	Market weight
Communications	5.7	Overweight
Utilities	4.1	Market weight
Real Estate	3.4	Overweight

Technical Considerations	Level	Target
S&P/TSX Composite	16,245	15,600



Source: Bloomberg, Raymond James Ltd; * 5-day price return



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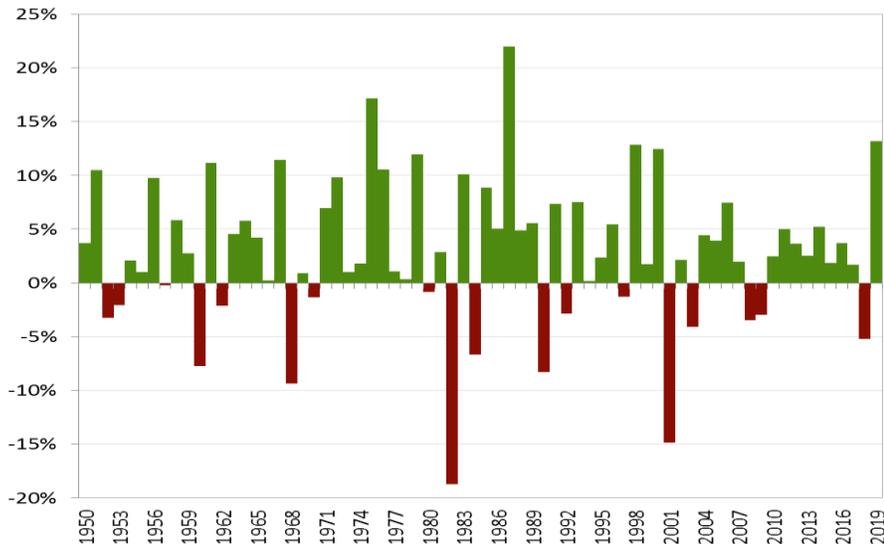
Sectors are based on Bloomberg classifications

Please read domestic and foreign disclosure/risk information beginning on page 5
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S&P/TSX Quarterly Returns; Q1/19 Strong Start to the Year



Source: Bloomberg, Raymond James Ltd.

The Federal Reserve reiterated that interest rate and balance sheet decisions would be data-dependent and kept policy rates on hold in January. However, this week's FOMC meeting cemented its dovish pivot by indicating they will not hike the fed funds rate any further this year; and based on the Dot plot there is only one more projected hike left in this cycle. Further, they confirmed the balance sheet run-off will conclude by September. Leading up to the decision, market participants were concerned the Fed would not be dovish enough, but the Fed over-delivered as it's hard to see how they could have been any more accommodative. Post the FOMC meeting, the implied probability of a rate cut in 2019 jumped to 40%, while the 2020 probability rose to 50%.

As for the European Central Bank, the monetary authority underscored the rising risks to growth in the euro area and highlighted that it was ready to deploy all policy tools as necessary. Meanwhile in Asia, the People's Bank of China has injected significant liquidity into the banking system and introduced new policy tools in an effort to stimulate the slowing economy.

While risk assets have responded in kind as highlighted above by the stellar start to the year, what we find fascinating is that bonds are not behaving as one would have anticipated. The accommodative monetary policy and looser financial conditions should be signalling to the bond market that economic growth will reaccelerate in the coming months, stoking inflation and thus pushing bond yields higher.

However, this has not been the case. The bond market is quite literally not "buying it", but rather telegraphing further economic weakness ahead. The US 10 year

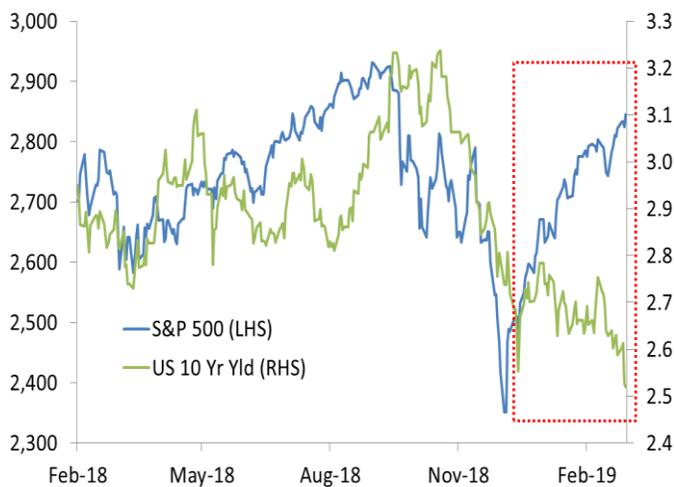
treasury yield dipped below 2.5% this week and the 2s10s curve continues to flatten now just 11 bps from inversion.

Similarly in Canada, investors have pushed the Canadian 10 year yield to 1.66% which is currently below the Bank of Canada’s (BoC) overnight rate of 1.75% as the market becomes increasingly convinced the BoC will cut interest rates this year amid weakening economic data. So either bond markets have it wrong or equities do. Similar divergences between equities and bonds have occurred in the past and the historical track record has shown bonds typically end up being correct in the long- to medium-term.

With the market and economy providing mixed signals over the past few months this reinforces our asset allocation positioning to be neutral equities.

S&P 500 & US 10 Year Yield: Who’s Got It Right...

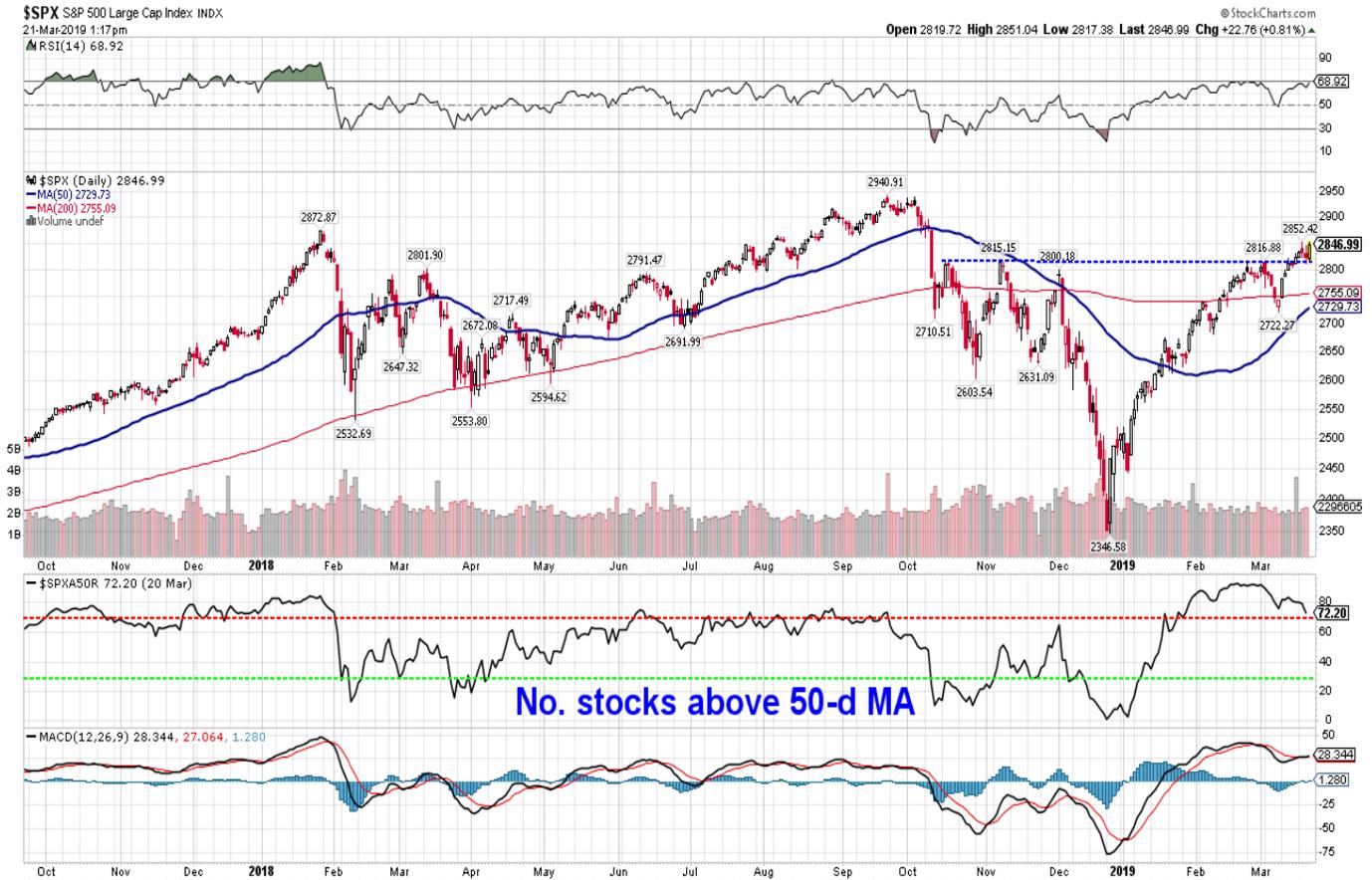
...Same Story for the S&P/TSX & Cdn Bond Market



Source: Bloomberg, Raymond James Ltd.

Nonetheless, the near-term path of least resistance appears to be higher with the S&P 500 clearing a technical resistance level around 2,816. A factor that could help sustain the recent rally is the current positioning of institutional money managers. According to BofA Merrill Lynch’s March Global Fund Manager Survey, money managers’ cash levels remain elevated averaging 4.6% while allocations to equities sits at their lowest levels since September 2016. Within equities, positioning is defensive with managers’ long defensives and rate sensitive plays while short cyclicals. As economic conditions respond to the accommodative monetary policy, cash levels may return to more normalized levels, providing a cash injection into the market. Additionally, corporate earnings will play an important role in supporting future equity gains. As of March 15th, the S&P 500 is forecast to record its first year-over-year earnings decline since 2016 with Q1/19 estimated EPS being marked down to negative 3.6%, compared to an estimated 2.8% at the beginning of the quarter. However, given US corporations have been big buyers of their own stock through Q1/19, buyback activity will be one component that will support EPS growth (earnings/share will appear higher due to fewer shares outstanding). This could help the S&P 500 avoid the current projected earnings decline.

S&P 500 Takes Out Overhead Resistance: Path of Least Resistance Appears Higher



Source: stockcharts.com

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